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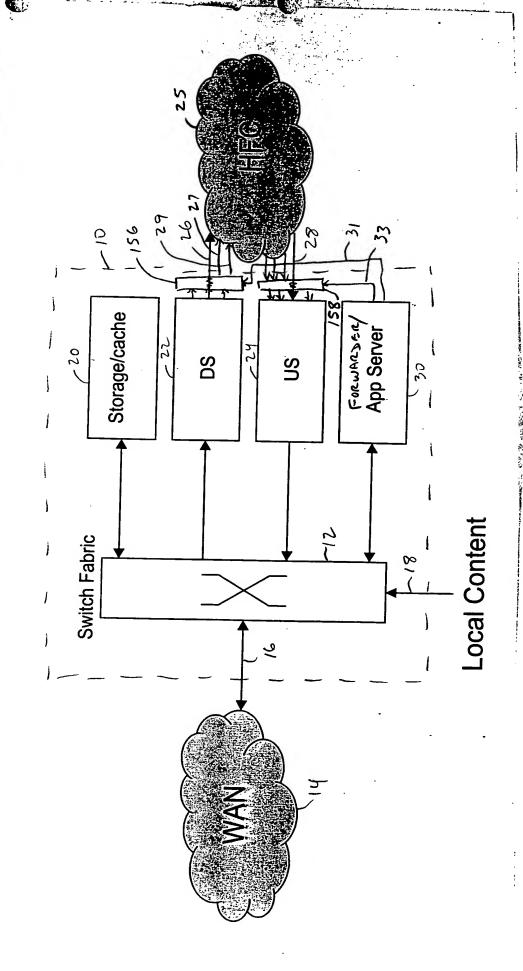
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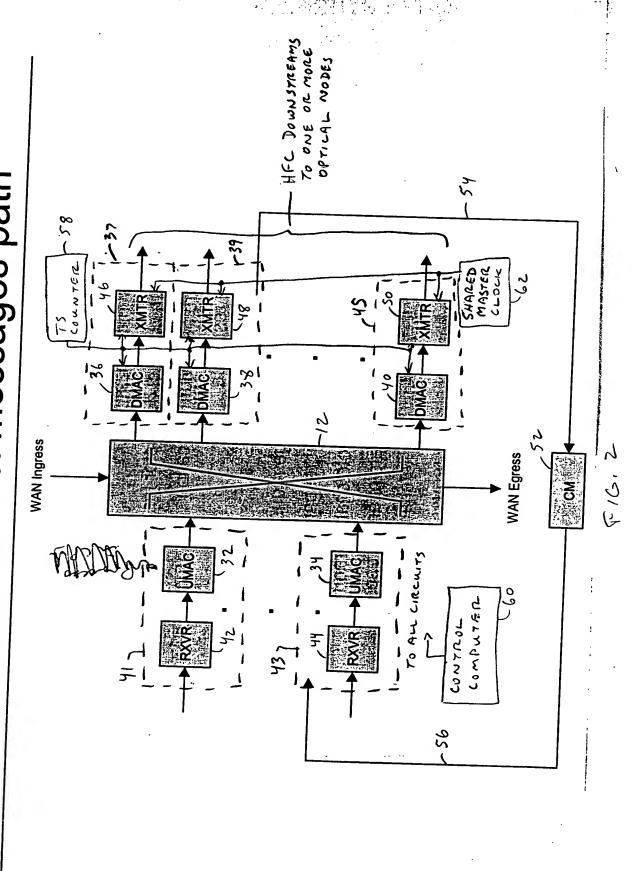
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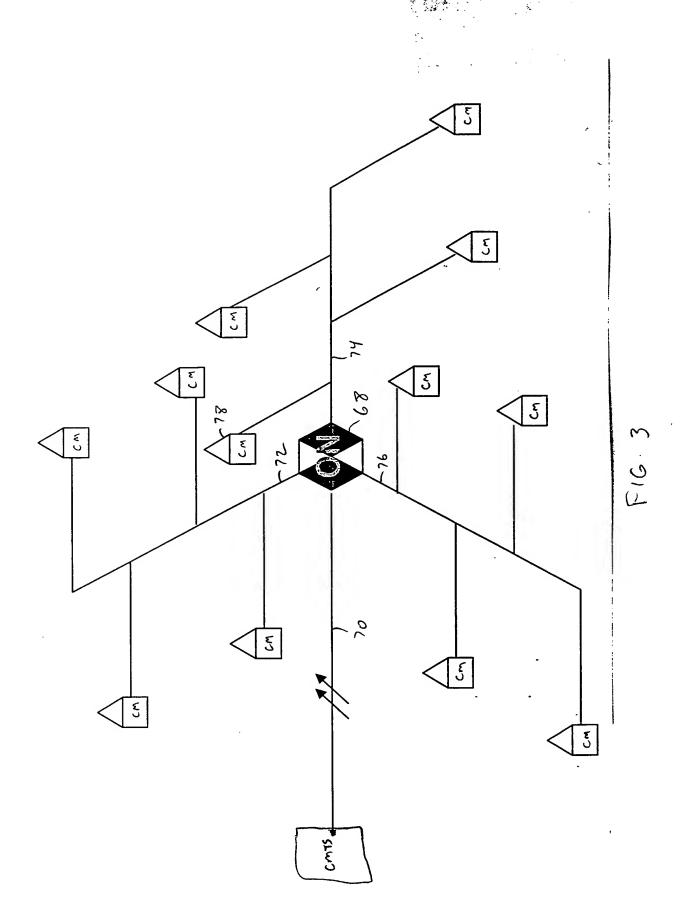
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**EOD Head-End Access Architecture** 

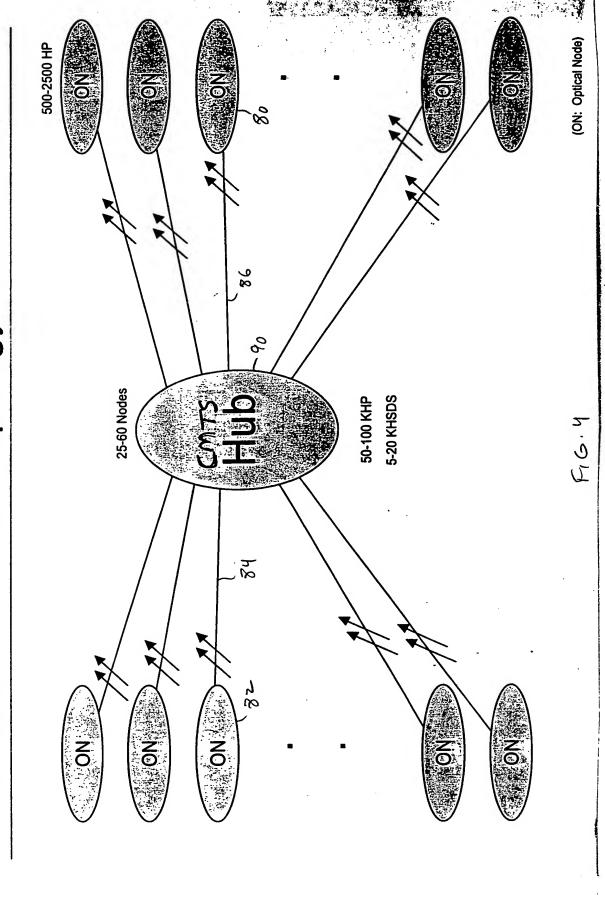


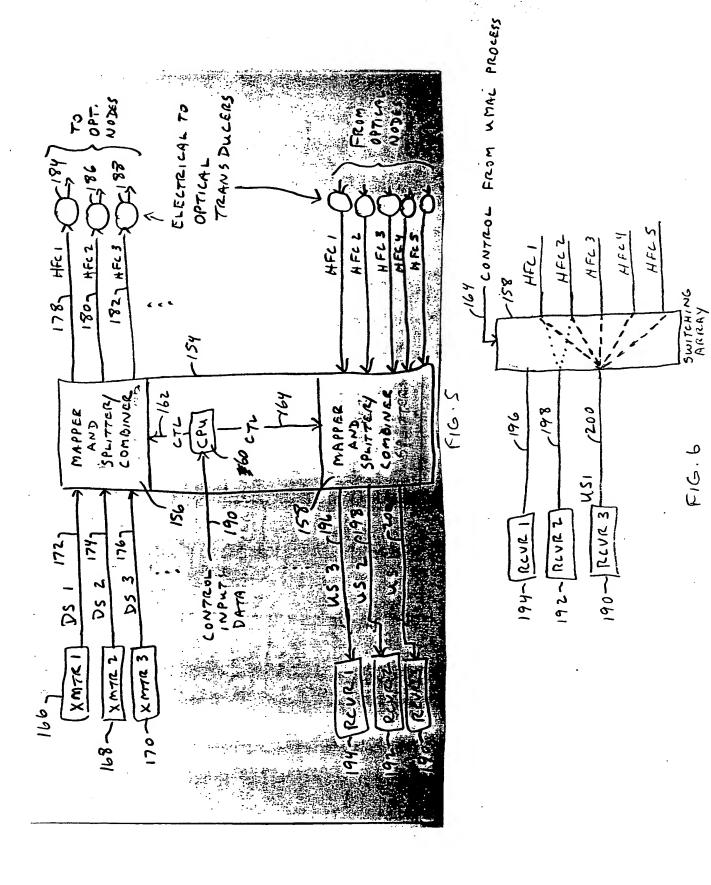
## DOCSIS Data & Control messages path





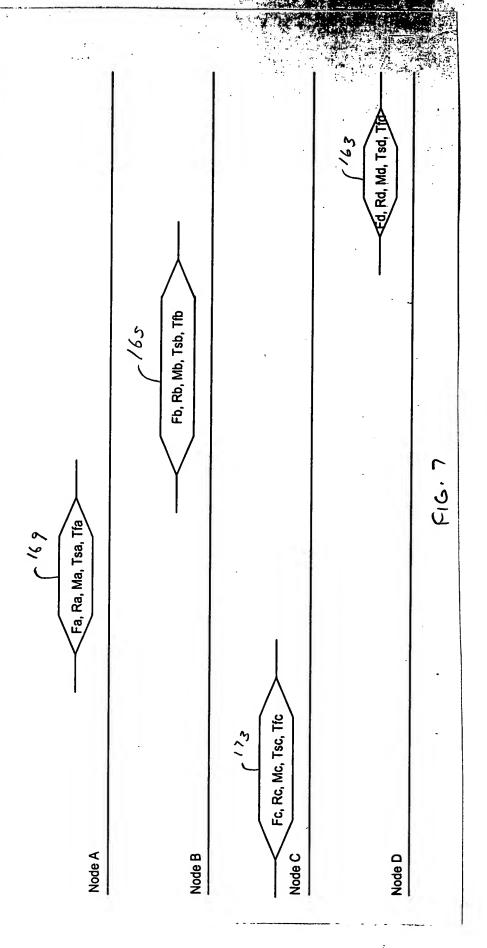
## HFC Network - Star Topology





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# Non Overlapping bursts over multiple nodes





## PROCESS TO CREATE AND CHANGE US/DS MAPPING IN THE PRESENCE OF NOISE AGGREGATION

CMTS determines downstreams needed for CMs in system

220

CMTS downstream transmitters for downstreams that are to share an upstream synchronize their timestamp counters to the same CMTS master clock and and downstream transmitters that are to share an upstream synchronize their symbol clocks to the CMTS master symbol clock for the shared upstream. Map downstreams to particular optical nodes and generate downstream mapper switch control signals to implement this initial downstream mapping. Start transmitting DOCSIS downstreams of one or more types on each optical node

222

DMAC processes for downstreams sharing an upstream send downstream SYNC messages with timestamp samples therein

224

UMAC decides which downstreams are to share an upstream, and controls switch 12 to send data defining shared upstream channel parameters and burst profile for the shared upstream to DMAC process for each downstream which is to share the upstream. UMAC for shared upstream or some other control computer then generates suitable control signals to control upstream mapper to couple the upstream signal paths from optical nodes which receive downstreams sharing the upstream to the RF input of the shared upstream receiver to implement the initial upstream mapping

226

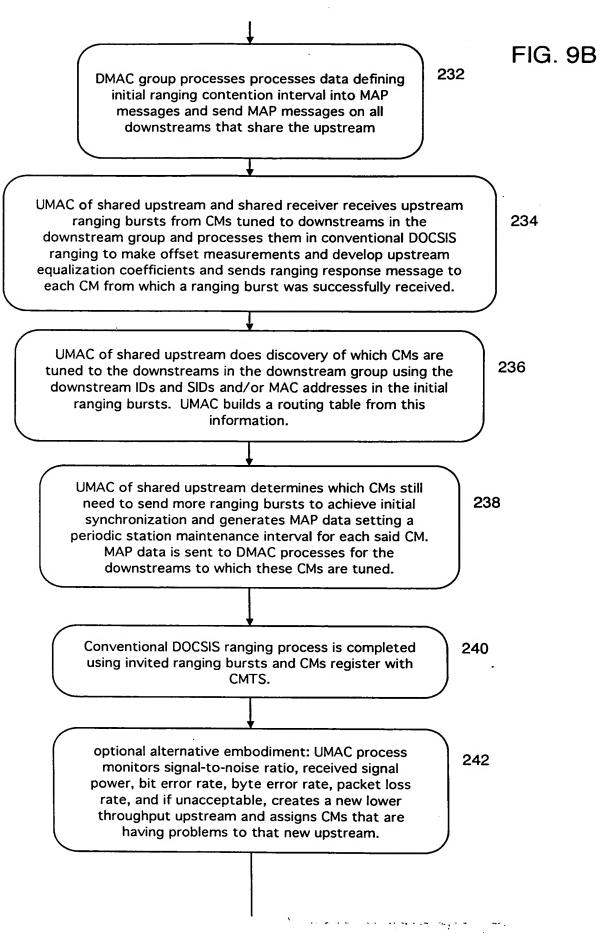
DMAC processes use data received from UMAC process for shared upstream to generate and transmit UCD message defining the channel characteristics and burst profile of shared upstream

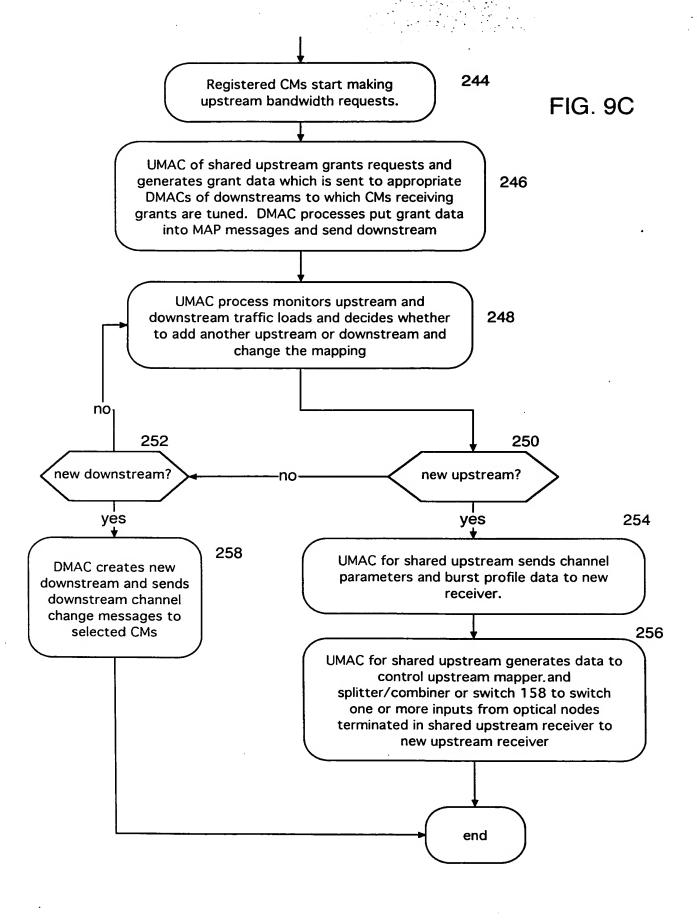
228

UMAC process for the shared upstream determines initial ranging contention intervals and transmits MAP data to appropriate DMAC processes of downstreams that will share the upstream (the DMAC group)

230

FIG. 9A





## PROCESS TO CREATE AND CHANGE US/DS MAPPING IN THE PRESENCE OF NOISE AGGREGATION

CMTS determines downstreams needed for CMs in system

220

CMTS downstream transmitters for downstreams that are to share an upstream synchronize their timestamp counters to the same CMTS master clock and and downstream transmitters that are to share an upstream synchronize their symbol clocks to the CMTS master symbol clock for the shared upstream. Map downstreams to particular optical nodes and generate downstream mapper switch control signals to implement this initial downstream mapping. Start transmitting DOCSIS downstreams of one or more types on each optical node

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226

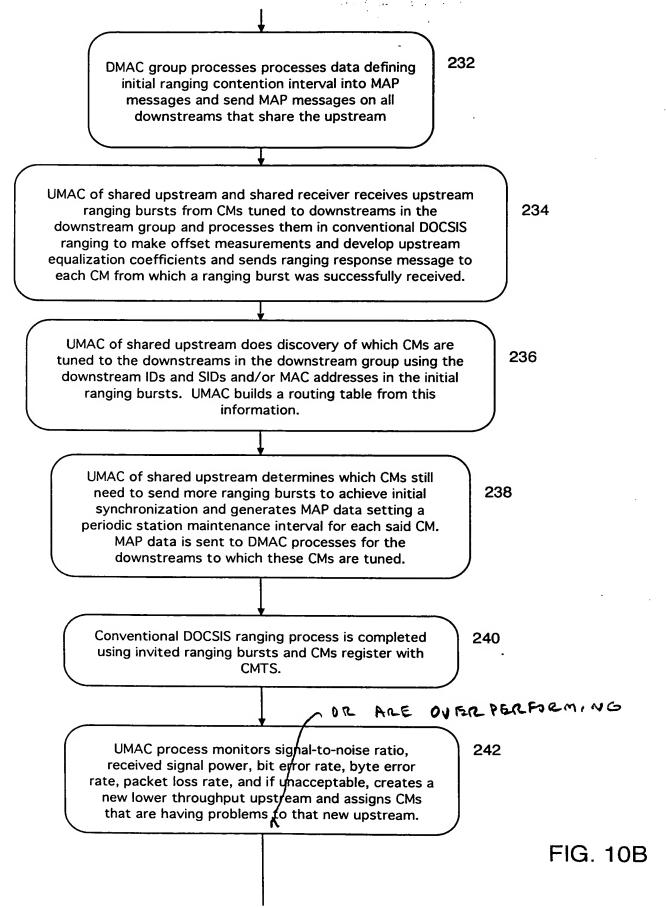
DMAC processes use data received from UMAC process for shared upstream to generate and transmit UCD message defining the channel characteristics and burst profile of shared upstream

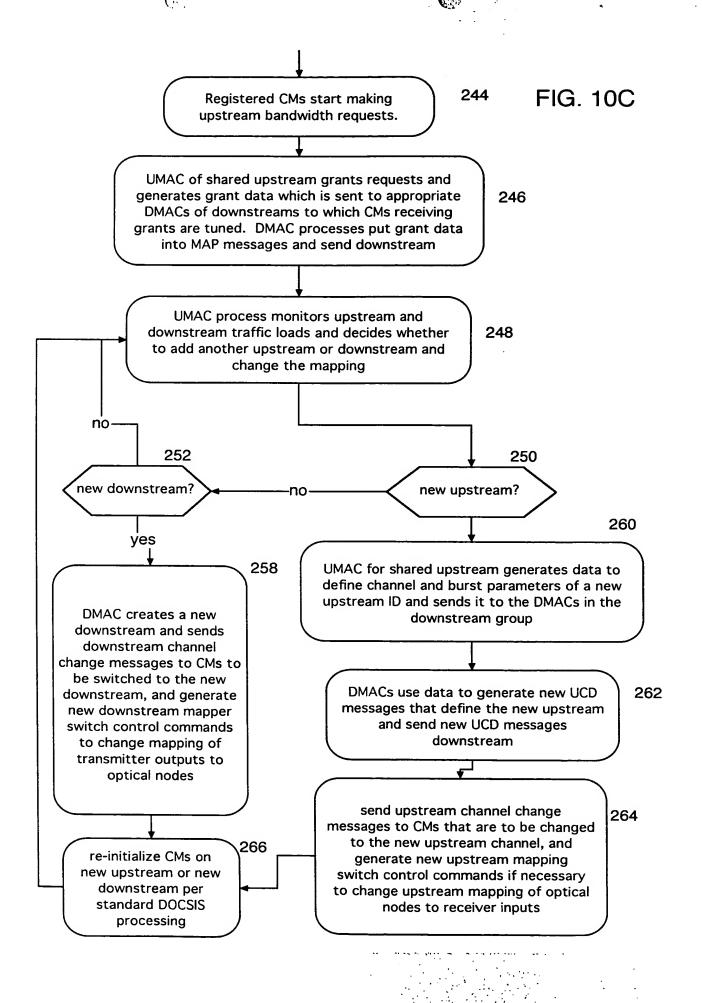
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UMAC process for the shared upstream determines initial ranging contention intervals and transmits MAP data to appropriate DMAC processes of downstreams that will share the upstream (the DMAC group)

230

**FIG. 10A** 





## WITHOUT

## PROCESS TO CREATE AND CHANGE US/DS MAPPING IN-THE PRESENCE OF NOISE AGGREGATION

CMTS determines downstreams needed for CMs in system

220

222

CMTS downstream transmitters for downstreams that are to share an upstream synchronize their timestamp counters to the same CMTS master clock and downstream transmitters that are to share an upstream synchronize their symbol clocks to the CMTS master symbol clock for the shared upstream. Map downstreams to particular optical nodes and generate downstream mapper switch control signals to implement this initial downstream mapping. Start transmitting DOCSIS downstreams of one or more types on each optical node

DMAC processes for downstreams sharing an upstream send downstream SYNC messages with timestamp samples therein 224

UMAC decides which downstreams are to share an upstream, and controls switch 12 to send data defining shared upstream channel parameters and burst profile for the shared upstream to DMAC process for each downstream which is to share the upstream. UMAC for shared upstream or some other control computer then generates suitable control signals to control upstream mapper to couple the upstream signal paths from optical nodes which receive downstreams sharing the upstream to the RF input of the shared upstream receiver to implement the initial upstream mapping

226

DMAC processes use data received from UMAC process for shared upstream to generate and transmit UCD message defining the channel characteristics and burst profile of shared upstream

228

UMAC process for the shared upstream determines initial ranging contention intervals and transmits MAP data to appropriate DMAC processes of downstreams that will share the upstream (the DMAC group)

230

FIG. 11A

